

Haaga-Helia Vierumäki – Lesson Plan

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Sport:	Orienteering	
Subject:	Fundamentals of orienteering	

Date & Time:	Mon. 18.9.2017 14:30-16:30
Target Group:	Beginners/newcomers
Clothing:	Sport clothing and trekking shoes
Equipment:	Different maps, 10 pink tapes, 8 orienteering flags with punches, compass, GPS watch, mobile phone, tablet, projector in classroom

LESSON OBJECTIVES:

A. Physical	Students walk/run reading the map on different kinds of terrain by themselves
B. Cognitive	Students understand the fundamental skills athletes need in orienteering and learn how they react in new situations
C. Emotional & Social	Students learn/potentiate new skills and communicate with each other

GOALS (WHY?)	PRACTICE / LEARNING	DETAIL & FEEDBACK	TEACHING STYLE & ORGANIZATION	TIME
	CONTENT (WHAT?)		(HOW?)	
1. Indoor lesson	1. Indoor lesson	1. Indoor lesson	1. Indoor lesson	1. Indoor
Students have to understand	Aerial image and proper map	- it's important that is clear for them where north is	With the projector, we have a look at the	lesson
where they are, where	Different orienteering scales	because they're going to use the map without the	aerial image of Vierumaki Campus and at	
they're going to move and	Map symbols and colors	compass	the orienteering map of the same area.	25 min
what kind of maps orienteers	Reading contours	- recurrence of usage of visual memory to get quickly	Learn scale, symbols, colors of orienteering	
use.	Symbols of an o course	familiar with the orienteering map	maps and how to understand an	
They need to learn how to	Clothing and shoes	- tell them clearly and easily what kind of map we are	orienteering course having a map in front of	
read a map to be able/get	Accessories (compass, card)	going to use not getting in too deep in the argument	us.	
ready to move by their own	O-competitions: sprint, middle,	(on the map there will be the scale bar)	We check what gear is important for	
without difficulties and how	long, ultralong, relay, night-o,	- symbols and courses are easy and there is no need	trainings/competitions and which	
to deal with a map with an	mtb-o, ski-o, trail-o	of a legend on the map	procedures and difficulties you have before,	
orienteering course on it.	Before O: running warm-up,	- orienteering is pure fun and everybody will be	during and after an orienteering activity.	
It's important to know which	concentration, goals, familiarity	excited to get out of the classroom and do it	We look at some training and competition	
steps to follow before	During O: map reading and		maps examples and some photos about	
running and what to train to	understanding, route planning,		different terrains.	
be a good orienteer.	pressure, orientation, memory,			
	adaptation			

2. Video I want to show them the orienteer running style (focus of feet, head, hands, body posture, map reading) and different situations (wet, rocky, slippery, steep and control punching)	Post O: GPS analysis with time loss and best route, discussion 2. Video - ankles have to be well warmed-up and feet strong - head has to move to avoid trees, has to see other obstacles and where to put the feet, plus being able to read the map at the same time - hands with a firm grip to the map, holding compass, watch and punching card (use of hands to climb) - problem solving	 2. Video will ask if they have questions at the end and explain the rest of the clinic before going out (drills, goals, locations, etc) If they want I have 2 more videos: Orienteering – Training in Norway Orienteering – More than just running (Austria Junior National Team) 	 2. Video 2 mins 46 secs videoclip from a German orienteering club. 3 orienteers run in a beautiful forest at different paces I will have a short introduction before the video to tell them what to focus on; then I'll talk during the video and stop it when needed. 	2. Video 5 min
3. Pattern exercise First of all we practice how to hold a map and how to keep the map always oriented to north. I will also notice immediately who will need more help and who will not. They'll practice what I told them in the classroom, in an easy environment (the map is really simple - only black dots and course)	3. Pattern exercise Map reading How to orientate a map Route planning Pressure Handling Personal orientation skills Map understanding Memory Adaptation	 3. Pattern exercise your mind has to know where you are and where you have to go you can't run if your map-reading skills are not ready for that (better walk first and then run when familiar) remember where north is, just point the start/finish on the map with the real start/finish some pressure on them to make it more difficult 	3. Pattern exercise On the ground north of the paintball arena there will be a pattern of small cones (6x5) Students are in line in from of the starting cone, looking south and north behind them. They start one after each other so to have the pressure component. They'll have to complete a course between the cones. There are easy courses and more demanding courses with more controls.	3. Pattern exercise 15 min
 4. Star exercise Now we use a real orienteering map and we have to remember the symbols and get familiar with it. The area is bigger. Divided in pairs. Good to get ready for the final exercise, move the body and experience map reading while running. 	4. Star exercise Map reading Route planning Pressure Handling Evaluation of the distance Symbols and colors of orienteering maps Search of actual 'control points' Teamwork	 4. Star exercise look in front of you if you already see the control/control feature or what is next to the control place (then go straight) quickly orientate the map, plan the route and go! focus on yourself and not on the others do not follow, do your own decisions touch the tape, not just get close to it extra: read the compass and compass bearing do not get out of the map 	4. Star exercise 10 orienteering controls (pink tape) are placed around the athletic track. Students have to reach the more controls they can in 5 minutes. Every time, a team will receive a map with the start and 1 control, have to reach it and come back change. Own map pile and controls are in different orders.	4. Star exercise 15 min

5. Final 'race'	5. Final 'race'	5. Final 'race'	5. Final 'race'	5. Final
I want to show them how an	Concentration before the start	- do not loose in your head you're position on the	Orienteering with sprint (1:5000 - ISSOM)	'race'
actual training	Starting procedures	map, use your finger to remember that	map of Vierumaki Campus. Start/finish	
session/competition works.	Time keeping procedures	- do not follow anybody	south of Bubble with 2 minutes interval	30 min
They will experience it	'Old school' punching system	- do your own route choices and decisions	(student doesn't have to see where went	
themselves and they are	Live GPS system	- always read the map and try to find the best	the one started before him/her)	
timed.	(Android mobile with internet	(quickest/shortest route)	8 control points: small orienteering flags	
They will have fun and	data and GPS location – me at	- have fun!	(10x10cm) with punches.	
master what they have	the finish with tablet)	- don't be afraid about getting lost, be happy about	Students have to punch each control in the	
learnt/practiced before.	All drills practiced before	getting back on the right way	right box on the map.	
	'Race' feelings		One volunteer will be recorder live during	
	Real flags and punches		the exercise for a post-race analyze.	
6. Post activity analysis	6. Post activity analysis	6. Post activity analysis	6. Post activity analysis	6. Post
Students have to complete	Draw route on the map	- comments depending on how good the students	We use the maps of the final exercise and	activity
the clinic positively and	Compare times and time loss	are and comparing what I would have done	the total times.	analysis
learning from mistakes they	Decide which were the best		We also use GPS replay with tablet	
had during the exercises.	route choices		connected online with my application	10 min
They have to discuss	Discussion with other runners		available at http://www.trent-	
between each other about	Analysis of time loss within the		o.org/livegps/	
things they have just learnt.	control circle			
They experience new	Understanding of strengths and			
technologies getting into	weakness			
orienteering that they may				
use for their own sport	Extra (for the lucky volunteer):			
training sessions.	compare GPS track (with route			
5	he has drawn on the map)			
	1-7			